

### NPN SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS

... fast switching speeds and high current capacity ideally suit these parts for use in switching regulators, inverters, wide-band amplifiers and power oscillators in industrial and commercial applications.

#### FEATURES:

- \* High Speed - $t_f = 0.5 \mu s$  (Max)
- \* Low  $V_{CE(SAT)} \leq 2.5 V$  @  $I_c=20A$

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS

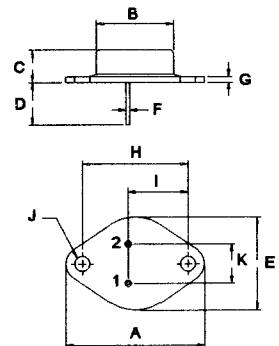
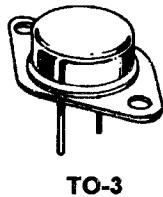
| Characteristic   | Symbol         | 2N5038       | 2N5039 | Unit               |
|--|----------------|--------------|--------|--------------------|
| Collector-Emitter Voltage  | $V_{CEO}$      | 90           | 75     | V                  |
| Collector-Base Voltage   | $V_{CBO}$      | 150          | 120    | V                  |
| Collector-Emitter Voltage  | $V_{CEV}$      | 150          | 120    | V                  |
| Emitter-Base Voltage   | $V_{EBO}$      | 7            |        | V                  |
| Collector Current-Continuous<br>- Peak                                 | $I_c$          | 20<br>30     |        | A                  |
| Base Current   | $I_B$          | 5            |        | A                  |
| Total Power Dissipation@ $T_c=25^\circ C$<br>Derate above $25^\circ C$ | $P_D$          | 140<br>0.8   |        | W<br>W/ $^\circ C$ |
| Operating and Storage Junction<br>Temperature Range                    | $T_J, T_{STG}$ | - 65 to +200 |        | $^\circ C$         |

#### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Characteristic                      | Symbol          | Max  | Unit         |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------|--------------|
| Thermal Resistance Junction to Case | $R_{\theta jc}$ | 1.25 | $^\circ C/W$ |

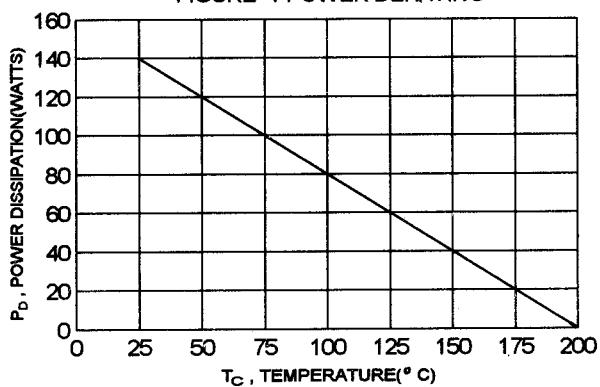
**NPN**  
**2N5038**  
**2N5039**

**20 AMPERE**  
**NPN SILICON**  
**POWER TRANSISTORS**  
**75 - 90 VOLTS**  
**140 WATTS**



PIN 1.BASE  
2.EMITTER  
COLLECTOR(CASE)

FIGURE -1 POWER DERATING



| DIM | MILLIMETERS |       |
|-----|-------------|-------|
|     | MIN         | MAX   |
| A   | 38.75       | 39.96 |
| B   | 19.28       | 22.23 |
| C   | 7.96        | 9.28  |
| D   | 11.18       | 12.19 |
| E   | 25.20       | 26.67 |
| F   | 0.92        | 1.09  |
| G   | 1.38        | 1.62  |
| H   | 29.90       | 30.40 |
| I   | 16.64       | 17.30 |
| J   | 3.88        | 4.36  |
| K   | 10.67       | 11.18 |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|----------------|--------|-----|-----|------|
|----------------|--------|-----|-----|------|

## OFF CHARACTERISTICS

|   |                       |          |                      |    |
|---|-----------------------|----------|----------------------|----|
| Collector - Emitter Sustaining Voltage (1)<br>( $I_c = 200 \text{ mA}$ , $I_b = 0$ )<br>2N5038<br>2N5039  | $V_{CEO(\text{SUS})}$ | 90<br>75 |                      | V  |
| Collector Cutoff Current<br>( $V_{CE} = 140 \text{ V}$ , $V_{BE(\text{off})} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ )<br>2N5038<br>( $V_{CE} = 110 \text{ V}$ , $V_{BE(\text{off})} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ )<br>2N5039<br>( $V_{CE} = 100 \text{ V}$ , $V_{BE(\text{off})} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ , $T_c = 150^\circ\text{C}$ )<br>2N5038<br>( $V_{CE} = 85 \text{ V}$ , $V_{BE(\text{off})} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ , $T_c = 150^\circ\text{C}$ )<br>2N5039 | $I_{CEX}$             |          | 50<br>50<br>10<br>10 | mA |
| Emitter Cutoff Current<br>( $V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $I_c = 0$ )<br>2N5038<br>2N5039<br>( $V_{EB} = 7.0 \text{ V}$ , $I_c = 0$ )<br>Both  | $I_{EBO}$             |          | 5<br>15<br>50        | mA |

## ON CHARACTERISTICS (1)

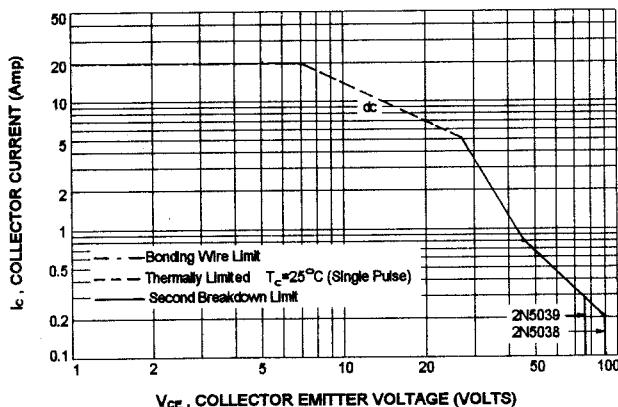
|   |                      |          |            |   |
|---|----------------------|----------|------------|---|
| DC Current Gain<br>( $I_c = 12 \text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ )<br>2N5038<br>( $I_c = 10 \text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ )<br>2N5039 | $hFE$                | 20<br>20 | 100<br>100 |   |
| Collector - Emitter Saturation Voltage<br>( $I_c = 20 \text{ A}$ , $I_b = 5.0 \text{ A}$ )  | $V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ |          | 2.5        | V |
| Base - Emitter Saturation Voltage<br>( $I_c = 20 \text{ A}$ , $I_b = 5.0 \text{ A}$ )   | $V_{BE(\text{sat})}$ |          | 3.3        | V |

## SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

|              |   |       |  |     |    |
|--------------|---|-------|--|-----|----|
| Rise Time    | $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$<br>( $I_c = 12 \text{ A}$ , $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 1.2 \text{ A}$ ) 2N5038 | $t_r$ |  | 0.5 | us |
| Storage Time | $(I_c = 10 \text{ A}$ , $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 1.0 \text{ A}$ ) 2N5039                             | $t_s$ |  | 1.5 | us |
| Fall Time    |   | $t_f$ |  | 0.5 | us |

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \text{ us}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$ 

## ACTIVE REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA (SOA)



There are two limitation on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown safe operating area curves indicate  $I_c$ - $V_{CE}$  limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than curves indicate.

Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10%. At high case temperatures, thermal limitations may reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.